

Uyuni 2022.08

Common Workflows

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Common workflows overview

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The Uyuni Common Workflows Guide covers most commonly used workflows you need to install, manage, and configure your clients with Uyuni.

Each workflow in this book has a clear goal, and provides detailed steps to achieve that goal.

It is designed to help you better understand both routine and advanced tasks, by explaining what you are achieving in each step, and the various options available to you along the way.

Each routine will be decribed as Workflow.

Chapter 1. Configuration Management

You can use configuration files and channels to manage configuration for your clients, rather than configuring each client manually. This workflow shows you how to use the Uyuni Web UI to create a centrally managed configuration file, assign it to a Salt client, and apply the configuration.

1.1. Use case

If you are managing a lot of clients, you probably do not want to manually apply configuration settings to each of them in turn. Configuration channels are used to organize configuration files. You can subscribe clients to configuration channels, and deploy configuration files as required.

1.2. Outcome

When you have completed this workflow, you will have a configuration channel containing a configuration file, have assigned clients to the channel, and applied the configuration successfully.

1.3. Preparation

Before you start, you should already have:

- Uyuni Server installed, that you can access using the Web UI.
- At least one Salt client registered to your server.
- Appropriate subscriptions from http://scc.suse.com for the products you are using.

This workflow uses a centrally managed configuration file and a Salt state. You can also use locally managed configuration files, traditional clients, and different methods, to get more flexibility in how you manage configuration in your environment. For more information about the different ways to manage configuration, see **Client-configuration > Configuration-management**.

1.4. Step-by-step workflow instructions

Procedure: Create a new configuration channel and file

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to Configuration > Channels and click [Create State Channel].
- 2. Type a name, label, and description for your configuration file, and type the contents of your configuration file. An example that you can copy is at the end of this section. . Click [Create Config State Channel]

ie*:	
si*:	
cription*:	
Contents	
2	
3	
4 -	
5 * 6 *	
6 * 7	
8	
9 *	
0	
1	
2 3 -	
4	
5 -	
6	
7	
8 *	
9 - 0	
1	
2	
3 *	

- 3. Procedure: Assign clients to the configuration channel
- 4. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to **Systems > Systems List** and select the client you want to assign to your configuration channel.
- 5. Navigate to the **Configuration** tab. In the guimenu:**Configuration Overview** section, click **[Subscribe to channels]**.
- 6. Check the configuration channel you created earlier, and click [Continue].

	contraction of the	0		
	Configuration			
		Mana	ge Configuration Channels	
		Subscribe to Channels		
C	onfiguration Channel	Subscriptions		
	I: Select Channels for Su			
				1 - 1 of 1 (1 selected)
•	Channel Name	Channel Label	Files & Direc	
•	Channel Name	Channel Label	Files & Direc	
		Channel Label		
		Channel Label		

7. If you have more than one configuration channel, you can rank them in order of importance, or click [Update Channel Rankings] to finish.

Procedure: Apply the configuration to your client

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to **Systems > Systems List** and select the client you want to assign to your configuration channel.
- 2. Navigate to the Configuration tab. In the guimenu: Configuration Actions section, click [Deploy all managed config files].

1.5. Example

1.5.1. SLS State for Keeping Clients Updated

```
include:
  - channels
int_keep_system_up2date_updatestack:
  pkg.latest:
      pkgs:
       - salt
       - salt-minion
{%- if grains.os_family == 'Suse'%}
       - zypper
       - libzypp
{%- elif grains['os_family'] == 'RedHat' %}
{%- if grains['osmajorrelease'] >= 8 %}
        - dnf
{%- else %}
       - yum
{%- endif %}
{%- endif %}
     - require:
       - sls: channels
     - order: last
int_keep_system_up2date_pkgs:
  pkg.uptodate:
      require:
       - sls: channels
       - pkg: int_keep_system_up2date_updatestack
     - order: last
int_reboot_if_needed:
  cmd.run:
     - name: shutdown -r +5
{%- if grains['os_family'] == 'RedHat' and grains['osmajorrelease'] >= 8 %}
      - onlyif: 'dnf -q needs-restarting -r; [ $? -eq 1 ]'
{%- elif grains['os_family'] == 'RedHat' and grains['osmajorrelease'] <= 7 %}</pre>
- onlyif: 'needs-restarting -r; [ $? -eq 1 ]'
{%- elif grains['os_family'] == 'Debian' %}
      onlyif:
       - test -e /var/run/reboot-required
{%- else %}
     - onlyif: 'zypper ps -s; [ $? -eq 102 ]'
{%- endif %}
```

1.6. Related topics

• For more information about configuration management, see Client-configuration > Configuration management.

• For more information about SLS files, see: https://docs.saltproject.io/en/latest/topics/tutorials/ starting_states.html.

Chapter 2. Content Lifecycle Management

If you are managing a lot of clients and you need to apply customized packages to them, you can use content lifecycle management (CLM) to manage your packages. CLM allows you to customize and test packages before updating production clients. It is also useful if you need to apply updates during a limited maintenance window.

2.1. Use case

Content lifecycle management allows you to select software channels as sources, adjust them as required for your environment, and thoroughly test them before installing onto your production clients. You can use CLM to manage your software channels from development, through testing, and rolling the changes out to your clients.

2.2. Outcome

When you have completed this workflow, you will have a content lifecycle project set up. You will have created a basic CLM project, and promoted it through its lifecycle.

2.3. Preparations

Before you start, you should already have:

- Uyuni Server installed, which you can access using the Web UI.
- Client machine with an operating system installed, which you can access across the network that your Uyuni Server is on, using SSH.
- Appropriate subscriptions from http://scc.suse.com for the products you are using.

2.4. Step-by-step workflow instructions

Procedure: Create a new CLM project

1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to **Content Lifecycle** > **Projects**, and click [**Create Project**]. Type a name, label, and description for your project, and click [**Create**].

Content Lifec	ycle Project - 🔹 🔹	Delete
✓ Project Prop	perties	ℰ Edit Properties
Name Label: Description Versions history:	Version 1: (draft - not built) - Check the changes below	
✓ Sources		+ Attach/Detach Sources
✓ Filters		+ Attach/Detach Filters
	↓ Build (0) ↓	
✓ Environmen	t Lifecycle	+ Add Environment
No environments of	created	

2. In the Sources section, click [Attach/Detach Sources]. Select the source type, and select a base channel for your project. The available child channels for the selected base channel are displayed, including information on whether the channel is mandatory or recommended. Check the child channels you require, and click [Save] to return to the project page.

Sources		
Туре:	Channe	
New Base Channel	S	~
Child Channels (6)		
Child Channels (6)		
		Cancel Save

- 3. Leave the **Filters** section blank for now, we will not be using them in this example. You can add filters later on if you need to.
- 4. In the Environment Lifecycle section, create three environments: production, testing, and development. Click [Add Environment] and complete the name and label for each. For

the **production** environment, leave the **Insert** before field blank. For the **testing** environment, in the **Insert** before field, select production. For the development environment, in the **Insert** before field, select testing^{**}.

✓ Environment Lifecycle			+ Add Environment
development			🖋 Edit
Label:			
Description:			
Version:	> not built		
		↓ mote ↓	
testing			🖋 Edit
Label:			
Description:			
Version:	> not built		
		↓ umote ↓	
production			🖋 Edit
Label:			
Description:			
Version:	> not built		

5. Click [Build] to build version 1 of your project:

	Version 1 successfully built into development	
	Ļ	
	Build (0)	
	t	
Environment Life	cycle	+ Add Environme
development		🖋 Edit
Label:		
Description:		
Version:	> Version 1: first build	
	Cloning channels	

Procedure: Assign clients

- 1. Navigate to Systems > System List, select the client to assign, and go to the Software > Software Channels tab.
- 2. In the Base Channel section, select the CLM project and environment you want to assign the client to. For example, if you want this client to receive updates from your CLM only when packages

are in the production environment, assign the base channel <CLM_Project_Name>production-<Channel_Name>. Alternatively, you could use this client as a way to test if your CLM packages are working as expected before you promote them to development, so you assign the base channel <CLM_Project_Name>-testing-<Channel_Name>.

Software Channels	
III Base Channel	III Child Channels
Include recommended (none, disable service)	test-clm-project-production
SUSE Channels	test-clm-project-production- recommended % test-clm-project-production- recommended %
Custom Channels	test-clm-project-production- test-clm-project-production- test-clm-project-production- test-clm-project-production-

3. Click **[Next]** to assign the client.

Procedure: Promote Environments

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to **Content Lifecycle** > **Projects**, and select the project you want to work with.
- 2. In the Environment Lifecycle section, locate the environment to promote to its successor, and click [Promote]. You can monitor build progress in the Environment Lifecycle section.

Version 1:		/
Lilt		
Promote		
		/
Version 1:		
loning channels		
	↓ Promote ↓ Version 1: Ioning channels Ç:	Promote Version 1:

2.5. Related topics

- For more information about CLM, including information about how to use filters, see Administration > Content-lifecycle.
- For CLM examples, see Administration > Content-lifecycle-examples.

Chapter 3. Onboarding

Uyuni is all about managing client systems. So one of the first things you need to do is onboard some clients. This workflow shows you how to set up your Uyuni Server to manage a new client, set up the software channels you need, and bootstrap the client using an activation key.

3.1. Use case

This workflow shows you how to onboard a client to your Uyuni Server.

The client must be running a supported Linux operating system. For a list of supported client systems, see **Installation-and-upgrade > Client-requirements**.

This is one of the first tasks you need to do when you set up Uyuni for the first time, and you will probably have to do it many more times as you use the product.

3.2. Outcome

When you have completed this workflow, your client is onboarded, and it can be seen in the systems list of the Uyuni Web UI. You can then use Uyuni to manage the client.

3.3. Preparation

Before you start, you should already have:

- Uyuni Server installed, that you can access using the Web UI.
- Client machine with an operating system installed, which you can access across the network that your Uyuni Server is on, using SSH.
- Appropriate subscriptions from http://scc.suse.com for the products you are using.

This workflow uses a SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP2 operating system. You can use other Linux operating systems, but some of the steps might be different. For more information on onboarding other clients, see **Client-configuration > Registration-methods**.

3.4. Step-by-step workflow instructions

Procedure: Configure a fully qualified domain name (FQDN) on your client

1. On the client, at the command prompt, show the current hostname:

hostname -f

This command will probably return an error, or show something like localhost.

2. Set a new hostname. Your new hostname should have a subdomain name and thus include at least

two periods. In this example, we are using client1.suma.example

hostnamectl set-hostname client1.suma.example

3. Check that your change was successful:

hostnamectl

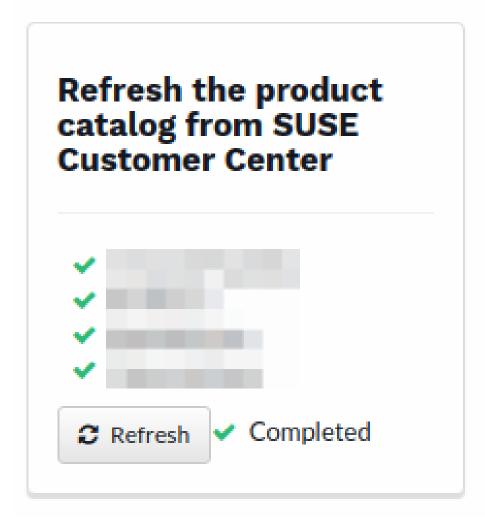
- 4. Open YaST and navigate to **Network Services** > **Hostnames**. Edit the hostname to match the one you just set, and click [OK].
- 5. In YaST, navigate to System > Network Settings and go to the Hostname/DNS tab. In the Static hostname field, type your new hostmame.
- 6. Check that the change was successful:

hostname -f

This command should return your new FQDN.

Procedure: Prepare software channels on the Uyuni Server

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to Admin > Setup Wizard.
- 2. In the **Organization Credentials** tab, ensure you have entered your SUSE Customer Center credentials, and are correctly authenticated.
- 3. In the **Products** tab, ensure that the product catalog is fully updated:



4. Use the product search bar to find the channels you need for your client operating system. Check the channels you want to install, and click [Add products]:

		Clear + Add product
	Filter by architecture	25 🗸 items per
1-6 of 6 Product Description Arch	Channels	
		include recommended
2 ~	10 S	
✓ >		
		≣
		=
-0		1

5. Wait for the product channels to fully synchronize. Depending on the products you have chosen, this could take a long time.

Procedure: Create an activation key

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to Systems > Activation Keys, and click [Create Key].
- 2. Give your activation key a name, and select the base channel that matches the client you want to onboard. This should be the product you just enabled:

& Create Activation	Key 🤨	
Activation Key Details		
Description:		
Key:	1-	
Usage:		
Base Channel:		~

3. Check the child channels to include, and any add-on system types you want clients registered with this key to have. Click [Create Activation Key]:

[child] | child.png

Procedure: Bootstrap the client

- 1. In the Uyuni Web UI, navigate to Systems > Bootstrapping.
- 2. Type the hostname and provide authentication credentials for the client you want to onboard, and select the activation key. Click [Bootstrap]:

SSH Port: User: Authentication Method:	22 root	
	root	
Authentication Method:		
	Password	
Password:	*****	
Activation Key:	1-sled15-sp2	~
Proxy:	None	~
c	Z Disable SSH strict host key checking during bootstrap process	
C	 Manage system completely via SSH (will not install an agent) 	

3. Navigate to Systems > System List to manage your new client.

3.5. Related topics

- For more information about supported clients and client features, see Client-configuration > Supported-features.
- For more information about different onboarding methods, and instructions for clients running various operating systems, see **Client-configuration > Registration-methods**.
- For more information about general client concepts, see Client-configuration > Channels.

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